# NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD

## WETLAND WILDLIFE HABITAT MANAGEMENT

#### (Acre) Code 644

## **DEFINITION**

Retaining, developing, or managing habitat for wetland wildlife.

#### **PURPOSE**

To maintain, develop, or improve habitat for waterfowl, fur-bearers, or other wetland associated wildlife.

# CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

On or adjacent to wetlands, rivers, lakes and other water bodies where wetland associated wildlife habitat can be managed. This practice applies to natural wetlands and water bodies as well as wetlands that may have been previously restored (657), enhanced (300), created (290), or constructed (280).

## **CRITERIA**

Identify species management goals and objectives. For the desired species, identify the types, amount, and distribution of habitat elements and the management actions necessary to achieve the management objectives.

Use of native species shall be encouraged.

The landowner shall obtain all necessary local, state and federal permits that apply.

# **CONSIDERATIONS**

Consider effects of movement of dissolved substances on groundwater and on downstream surface waters.

Consider effects of hazardous materials expected or known to occur on the site on wildlife or human use related to wildlife

Consider effects of management actions on compliance with state and federal hunting regulation (e.g., baiting).

Consider effects of management on non-target fish and wildlife species.

Consider using artificial nesting structures that are designed for the region.

Consider locating the management practice adjacent to existing wetlands and other water bodies.

Consider the impact of elevated wildlife uses on adjacent lands (e.g., crop depredation).

Consider effect of volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration, evaporation, and transpiration on the water budget.

Consider effects on downstream flows or aquifers that would affect other water uses or users.

Consider effects on wetland-associated wildlife that would be associated with the practice.

Conservation practice standards are reviewed periodically, and updated if needed. To obtain the current version of this standard, contact the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

Consider adjacent wetlands or water bodies that contribute to wetland system complexity and diversity, decrease habitat fragmentation, and maximize use of the site by wetland-associated wildlife.

Consider effects on movement of sediment and soluble and sedimentattached substances carried by runoff and/or wind.

#### PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Document how habitat needs will be provided for the desired kinds of wildlife: required depth of water during the different seasons; types and sizes of structures required; desired native plant species and the means of establishing and maintaining them. Specific information may be provided using appropriate job sheets or written documentation in the conservation plan.

#### **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

A plan for operation and maintenance at a minimum should include monitoring and management of structural and vegetative measures.

# **REFERENCES**

Brooks, R. P., D. A. Devlin and J. Hassinger. 1993. Wetlands and Wildlife. Penn. State Univ. Press. State College, PA. 55 pp.

Fredrickson, L.H. 1990. "Management of lowland hardwood wetlands for wildlife: problems and potential." Transactions of the North American natural resources conference 45:376-386.